

This instruction is to install Eunhasu OS into the SMS-1000SQ.

# Installing Eunhasu x86

## Make the USB installation disk

### Download the ISO image

- [New Eunhasu x86 image](#)

### Download the Rufus program

- [Download Rufus V3.4](#)

### Make the USB installation disk

Rufus 3.4.1430

## Drive Properties

Device  
Multiple Partitions (E:) (F:) (G:) [7.9GB]

Boot selection  
clonezilla-live-Eunhasu-V0.4.56-0.86\_64-2019

Partition scheme: MBR Target system: BIOS or UEFI

Show advanced drive properties

## Format Options

Volume label  
Eunhasu-V0.4.56-0.86\_64-2019\_02

File system: FAT32 (Default) Cluster size: 4096 bytes (Default)

Show advanced format options

## Status

READY

Using image: clonezilla-live-Eunhasu-V0.4.56-0.86\_64-2019\_02.iso



## Install the Eunhasu OS

### Precaution before installing Eunhasu OS

If the SMS-1000SQ has 2 internal storage disks installed, leave the disk for Eunhasu OS only and disconnect the other disk.

### Boot the SMS-1000SQ

1. Connect the Ordered List Item Eunhasu USB installation disk to the SMS-1000SQ's USB output.
2. Connect **an LCD monitor to the SMS-1000SQ with an HDMI cable.**
3. Connect a USB keyboard to the SMS-1000SQ and power on the device.
4. Hit the F10 key to go to the booting disk selection screen. The F10 key should be hit at the same time as the unit is powered on.
5. Select the inserted USB installation disk and start booting the device.

### If you change the OS from the Vortexbox or Windows Edition to Eunhasu OS

- You will need to enable UEFI boot before installing Eunhasu OS newly.

1. Please enter the BIOS setup by hitting F2 button once you power up the SMS-1000SQ.
2. Go to the Boot menu, and check that UEFI boot is enabled. If it is disabled, please enable it.
3. Go to Exit menu for Exit Saving Changes.



### If the boot disk selection screen is not shown up

- If you are not able to see the boot disk selection screen when you hit the F10 button while turning on the power, follow the steps below to go to the Eunhasu setup screen.

Enter 'c' key on the screen (enter in 5 sec)



Enter the command below in order.

- grub> ls
- grub> set root=(xxx,msdos1)
- grub> set prefix=(\$root)/boot/grub
- grub> configfile /boot/grub/grub.cfg

when entering **xxx**, you should check the (xxx,msdos1) disk like the image below and enter the same.



## Proceed with the Eunhasu OS installation

Select the first menu on the screen, and keep continuing the boot.

- The displayed name may be different depending on the situation.

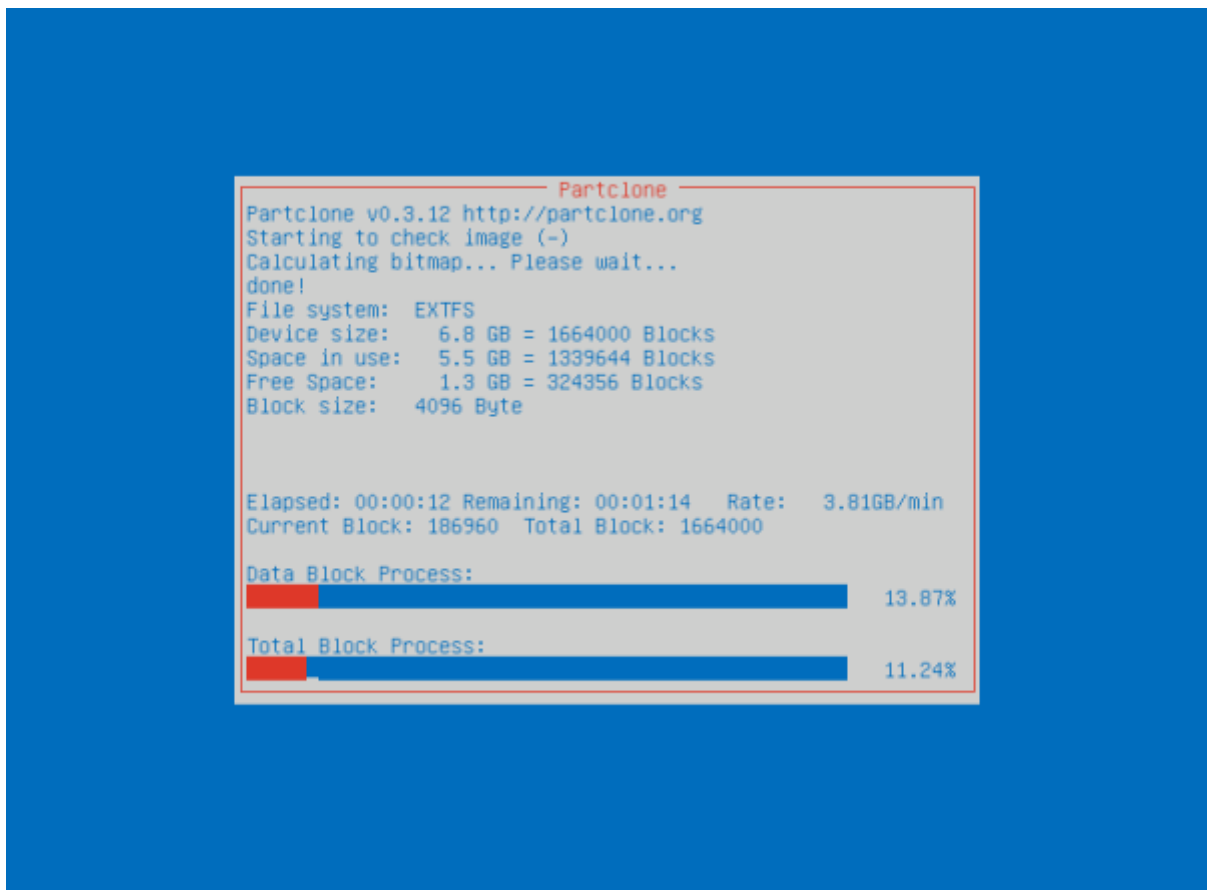


The disk check will be made while booting is processed, and the Eunhasu image will be installed into the SMS-1000SQ.

- Once the disk check is completed, press y key 2 times for the installation.

```
GPT partition table file for this disk saved by gdisk was found: sda
MBR file for this disk was found: sda
The image of this partition is restorable: sda1
The image of this partition is restorable: sda2
The image of this partition is restorable: fedora-root
All the images of partition or LV devices in this image were checked and they are restorable: Eunhasu-V0.4.56-0.86_64-2019_02_19_07-img
=====
Activating the partition info in /proc... done!
Error: /dev/sda: unrecognised disk label
*****
The following step is to restore an image to the hard disk/partition(s) on this machine: "/home/partimg/Eunhasu-V0.4.56-0.86_64-2019_02_19_07-img" -> "sda sda1 sda2 sda3"
The image was created at: 2019-0219-0725
WARNING!!! WARNING!!! WARNING!!!
WARNING. THE EXISTING DATA IN THIS HARDDISK/PARTITION(S) WILL BE OVERWRITTEN! ALL EXISTING DATA WILL BE LOST:
*****
Machine: VMware Virtual Platform
sda (21.5GB_VMWare_Virtual_S_No_disk_serial_no)
*****
are you sure you want to continue? (y/n) y
ok, let's do it!!
This program is not started by clonezilla server.
*****
Let me ask you again.
The following step is to restore an image to the hard disk/partition(s) on this machine: "/home/partimg/Eunhasu-V0.4.56-0.86_64-2019_02_19_07-img" -> "sda sda1 sda2 sda3"
The image was created at: 2019-0219-0725
WARNING!!! WARNING!!! WARNING!!!
WARNING. THE EXISTING DATA IN THIS HARDDISK/PARTITION(S) WILL BE OVERWRITTEN! ALL EXISTING DATA WILL BE LOST:
*****
Machine: VMware Virtual Platform
sda (21.5GB_VMWare_Virtual_S_No_disk_serial_no)
*****
are you sure you want to continue? (y/n) y
```

- The screenshot of the installation process



Once the installation is completed, reboot the device.



## Increase the partition size for the storage

After re-booting the SMS-1000SQ Eunhasu, press the Ctrl+Alt+F2 buttons to go to the prompt mode.

### Login

- ID : root
- PW : sotmaudio



### Increase the partition size

- Run the command line like the below.

```
[root@localhost-live ~]# sh install/step1.sh
```

```
login as: root
root@192.168.0.10's password:
Last login: Wed Feb 20 18:44:30 2019 from 192.168.0.11
[root@eunhasu ~]# sh install/step1.sh
```

```
[fdisk status]-----
Disk /dev/sda: 29.8 GiB, 32017047552 bytes, 62533296 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: gpt
Disk identifier: A376B76C-304B-4B7A-BAA9-CAE7A06D565B

Device      Start      End  Sectors  Size Type
/dev/sda1   2048     411647   409600  200M EFI System
/dev/sda2   411648   1435647  1024000  500M Linux filesystem
/dev/sda3  1435648  16328703 14893056  7.1G Linux LVM
-----

[parted resizepart]-----
[e2fsck]-----
e2fsck 1.43.5 (04-Aug-2017)
/dev/mapper/fedora-root is mounted.
e2fsck: Cannot continue, aborting.

[resize2fs]-----
Physical volume "/dev/sda3" changed
1 physical volume(s) resized / 0 physical volume(s) not resized
Size of logical volume fedora/root changed from 7.00 GiB (1792 extents) to <29.02 GiB (7428 extents).
Logical volume fedora/root successfully resized.
resize2fs 1.43.5 (04-Aug-2017)
Filesystem at /dev/mapper/fedora-root is mounted on /; on-line resizing required
old_desc_blocks = 1, new_desc_blocks = 2
The filesystem on /dev/mapper/fedora-root is now 7606272 (4k) blocks long.

[fdisk result]-----
Disk /dev/sda: 29.8 GiB, 32017047552 bytes, 62533296 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: gpt
Disk identifier: A376B76C-304B-4B7A-BAA9-CAE7A06D565B

Device      Start      End  Sectors  Size Type
/dev/sda1   2048     411647   409600  200M EFI System
/dev/sda2   411648   1435647  1024000  500M Linux filesystem
/dev/sda3  1435648  62500000 61064353 29.1G Linux LVM
-----

Check disk size
[root@eunhasu ~]# █
```

## Mount an extra storage drive

Precaution, if you don't have an extra storage drive, please omit this process.

1. Make sure you have powered off the SMS-1000SQ, and connect the extra storage drive.
2. After powering up the SMS-1000SQ and completing the booting, log in using the ID and PW above with the same procedure as [increase\\_the\\_partition\\_size\\_for\\_the\\_storage](#).

## Run the mount script

Run the mount script.

```
[root@localhost-live ~]# sh install/eunhasu_check_hdd.sh
```

```
[root@eunhasu ~]# sh install/eunhasu check hdd.sh
detect sdb
fdisk: cannot open /dev/sdc: No such file or directory
no sdcl
1
#
# /etc/fstab
# Created by anaconda on Thu Sep 29 17:40:56 2016
#
# Accessible filesystems, by reference, are maintained under '/dev/disk'
# See man pages fstab(5), findfs(8), mount(8) and/or blkid(8) for more info
#
/dev/mapper/fedora-root / ext4 defaults 1 1
UUID=629c700b-2e0f-4241-9ebc-4a0505d53eda /boot ext4 defaults 1 2
UUID=2541-A322 /boot/efi vfat umask=0077,shortname=winnt 0 0
# /dev/mapper/fedora-swap swap swap defaults 0 0
/dev/sdb1 /mw/data/music/HDD1 auto nofail,defaults 0 0
[root@eunhasu ~]#
```

## Download

### Utilities

- [Download Rufus V3.4](#)

### Eunhasu x86 image file

- [Eunhasu x86 V0.5.1](#)
- [Eunhasu x86 V0.5.2](#)

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